PRN	NOTES	SHORT_TEXT
229	SCHEDULED OVAL ENCLOSURE ON THE N SLOPE OF FOEL DDUARTH AT	<u>-</u>
	1000FT O.D. MEASURING APPROX 200FT BY 160FT WITH UPPER SIDE CUT INTO SLOPE AND LOWER SIDE FORMING A TERRACE ABOUT 5FT HIGH. IT	
	IS BEST PRESERVED ON N SIDE WHERE THE ENTRANCE HAS MEASURING	
	11FT WIDE, IT MAY HAVE BEEN SLIGHTLY INHIRVED BUT IT IS TOO	
	RUINED FOR CERTAINLY. THE INTERIOR SHOWS TRACES OF TWO OR PERHAPS THREE ROUGHLY RECTANGULAR STRUCTURES WITH STONE	
	FACED WALLS ABOUT 3FT THICK. <2> SURVEYED AT 1:10560 <3>	
249	ENCLOSED HUR GROUP AT SH68557313 ALMOST DESTROYED. TWO HUT	
	CIRCLES ON A LEVEL PLATFORM 120FT IN DIAMETER. THE HUT CIRCLE IN THE CENTRE OF THE IS 24FT IN DIAMETER, ITS WALLS ARE PRESERVED	
	AS A BANK OF STONES AND EARTH. THE HUT CIRCLE ON THE NE EDGE	
	OF THE TERRACE IS 27FT IN DIAMETER. SEVERAL LARGE BOULDERS ARE	
	VISIBLE ON THE WALL LINE ON THE W SIDE. INFERRED IA/RB. <1> THE FEATURES ARE DESCRIBED BY 1 BUT SITUATED AT SH68547311. <2>	
	NO CHANGE. <3>	
251	A HUT CIRCLE 20FT IN DIAMETER, FORMING A LEVEL PLATFORM ON	
	GROUND SLOPING TO THE NORTH WEST AT SH68717324. THE NW SIDE OF THE PLATFORM FORMS A TERRACE 2FT HIGH. NOTHING IS	
	PRESERVED OF THE HUT WALL EXCEPT SHEETS OF LOOSE STONES,	
	AMONG WHICH POT BOILERS ARE VISIBLE. INFERRED IRON AGE/ROMANO BRITISH. <1> SURVEYED AT 1:2500. <2>	
	BRITISH. <1> SURVEYED AT 1:2500. <2> NO CHANGE <3>	
252	HUT GROUP NEAR PONT-Y-TEIRYD, ON THE N BANK OF A SMALL STREAM,	
	AT ABOUT 750FT O.D ON A NATURAL SHELF FALLING GENTLY TO THE NE. THE WALLS ARE FACED ON BOTH SIDES WITH ORTHOSTATS. THE HUT	
	BENEATHS THE MODERN SHEEPFOLD ON A PLATFORM RAISED ABOUT	
	3FT ABOVE THE LEVEL OF THE COURTYARD TO THE NE. OLD FIELD	
	WALLS SOON LOST AMONG MODERN ENCLOSURES EXTEND TO THE W.SE AND N. <1> PONT-Y-TEIRYD HUT GROUP AND ANCIENT	
	FIELDS,SCHEDULED. <2> NO CHANGE. <3>	
321	ENCLOSED HUT GROUP NEAR BOD SHIN IN MARSHY LAND. THE WALL ON	
	THE NORTH IS VISIBLE AS A BANK OF STONES AND EARTH 5-6FT WITH LARGE SLABS AND ORTHOSTATS, BUT ELSEWHERE IT IS GREATLY	
	RUINED. <1>	
	INFERRED CLASS IV (bii)? POST ROMAN POSSIBLY. <2> A ROUGHLY OVAL ENCLOSURE WITH AN ENTRANCE IN THE EAST AND	
	CONTAINING AT LEAST TWO HUT CIRCLES. SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <4>	
322	THE ENCLOSURE IS SURROUNDED BY A MASSIVE WALL 12FT THICK, ON THE 800FT CONFOUR ON FAIRLY FLAT GROUND. IN FAIRLY REGULAR	
	INTERVALS IN THE WALL ARE STONES ABOUT 2FT HIGH BY 18WIDE,	
	WHEN EVIDENTLY SITED AS SUPPORTS, PRESENT HEIGHT OF WALL IS	
	ABOUT 5FT HIGH. ON THE SE WHERE THE SLOPE OF THE HILL IS GREATER, ITS GROUND WAS EXCAVATED AND THE WALL IS A RETAINING	
	WALL. THE AVERAGE DIAMETER OF THE ENCLOSURE IS 120FT AND THE	
	ENTRANCE WHICH FACES THE NW IS 8FT WIDE. WITHIN THE ENCLOSURE	
	ARE TWO CIRCLES, THE EASTERLY ONE IS 37FT IN DRAIN, THE WESTERN IS 40FT WIDE OVERALL. THE WALLS OD THESE HUTS GIVE THE IDEA OF	
	STRENGTH AND SOLIDITY. AN EXCAVATION THEY YIELDED ONE OR TWO	
	SLIGHSTONES. <1> ENCLOSED THAT	
	GROUP ON THE STEEP WESTERN SLOPES OF FOCK DDIORTH TRIAL EXCAVATIONS IN THE EARLY YEARS YIELDED ONLY ONE OR TWO	
	SLIGHSTONES. <2> AN ENCLOSED HUTGROUP COMPRISING 3	
	HUT CIRCLES WITHIN A RUINED ENCLOSURE WHICH HAS AN ENTRANCE IN THE NORTH. <3>	
	SURVEYED AT 1:10560	
323	ROUND HUTS: A GROUP OF THREE HUTS IN AN ANGLE OF THE ANCIENT	
	FIELD WALLS 100 YARDS W OF THE UNCLOSED GROUP NUMBER 32. THE HUTS LIE JUST BELOW A HIGH LYNCHET S FROM THE TOP OF WHICH A	
	FIELD WALLS DIRIGES TO MAKE A SHARP ANGLE ENCLOSING THE HUTS.	
	HUT 1- A CIRCULAR HUT IN THE ANGLE OF THE WALL DRAIN 12FT	
	MARKED BY A SLIGHT DEPRESSION IN THE GROUND, AND IN PLACES BY INNER WALL FACE. HUT 2- 7 YARDS S OF 1.	
	CIRCULAR WITH 15FT DRAIN MARKED BY A DEPRESSION IN THE GROUND.	
	THERE ARE TRACES OF A WALL ABOUT 3FT THICK IN PARTS. HUT 3- 12 YARDS SE OF HUT 1. CIRCULAR WITH 18FT DRAIN MARKED BY A	
	DEPRESSION IN THE GROUND ON SLIGHT PLATFORM FACING NORTH.	
	VERY FAR STONES REMAIN. <1> TWO SHALLOW DEPRESSIONS	
	NOW MARK THE SITE OF THIS HUT GROUP PROBABLY ROMANO BRITISH. <2>	
	THE SITE COMPRISES THE FOUNDATIONS OF A NUCLEATED HUT CIRCLE	
	SETTLEMENT OF IRON AGE OR ROMANO BRITISH DATE SET WITHIN THE ANGLE OF AN EARLY FIELD WALL. 3 HUT CIRCLES REMAIN, SET AROUND	
	A CENTRAL YARD WITH EVIDENCE FOR A SURROUNDING ENCLOSURE	
-		

	DANIIZ (O)	
	BANK.<3> ROUND HUT, 21FT IN DIAMETER ON A WIDE SLOPING SHELF ON THE N	
	SIDE OF THE ANAFON VALLEY. THE HUT WALL 7FT THICK AND 1FT HIGH,	
	IS OF LOOSE STONES. AN ENTRANCE 6FT WIDE IS ON THE W. <1>	
	CLASS IV (e) UNDATED. <2>	
	NO CHANGE. SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <3>	
	THE SITE CONSISTS OF TWO HUTS, SET CLOSE TOGETHER BUT OF	
	DIFFERENT TYPES; ONE A HUT CIRCLE OF LATER PREHISTORIC OR ROMANO BRITISH TYPE, THE OTHER A RECTANGULAR HUT, PERHAPS OF	
	EARLY MEDIEVAL DATE.<4>	
325 I	LONG HUT 20 YARDS W OF PRN. A LONG AXIS LIES NW-SE AND IT	
	MEASURES 25FT BY 12FT. THE WALLS HAVE A CORE OF EARTH FACED	
	ON BOTH SIDES WITH LARGE STONES, AND ARE 2FT THICK AND UP TO	
	1FT HIGH. <1> NO CHANGE. SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2>	
	SEE PRN 324 FOR SAM DETAILS.<3>	
	LONG HUT ON THE WESTERN SLOPES OF FOEL DDUARTH. ITS LONGER	
	AXIS LIES SE-NW AND ITS MEASURES 18FT BY 10FT. THE WALLS ARE 2FT	
	THICK AND CONSISTS OF A CORE OF EARTH WITH LARGE BOULDERS ON	
	BOTH FACES, ONLY THE FOUNDATIONS COURSE REMAINS. AN ENTRANCE 3FT WIDE IS SITUATED IN THE MIDDLE OF THE N WALL. <1>	
	SURVEYED AT 1:10560. NO CHANGE. <2>	
	LONG HUT N OF FOEL DDUARTH ON LEVAL GROUND AT THE NE END OF A	
	CAIRN CEMENTERY. IT MEASURES 38FT LONG FROM NE TO SW AND IS	
	ROUGHLY 15FT THICK. A PARTITION WALL RUNNING N-S BISECTS THE	
	BUILDING. THE WALLS 3FT THICK ARE REDUCED TO MERE FOOTINGS OF	
	STONES. HERE AND THERE A FACING SLAB IS VISIBLE. <1> SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2>	
	HUTS IN ENCLOSURE ON THE N SLOPES OF FOEL DDUARTH AT A HEIGHT	
	OF 1020FT ABOVE O.D. <1>	
	CLASS IV (a) 2-4TH CENTURY. <2>	
	A HUT CIRCLE AND RECTANGULAR HUT FREE STANDING WITHIN A	
	SUBRECTANGULAR ENCLOSURE. THE WALLING NOWHERE EXCEEDS 0.4M HIGH. SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <3>	
	CARNEDD-Y-SAESON AND SIX OTHER CAIRNS IN THE AREA.	
	1-CARNEDD-Y-SEASON IS APPROX 47FT IN DIAMETER AND 1FT HIGH	
	COMPOSED OF THIN SLABS OF SLATE, 1FT HIGH SET IN A CIRCLE OF	
	LARGE STONES, AND WITHIN THERE IS ANOTHER IRREGULAR CIRCLE OF	
	LARGE STONES. SLIGHTLY OFF THE CENTRE IS A LARGE CIST ABOUT 6FT BY 4FT WITH ITS AXIS N-S. THE CAPSTONE HAS BEEN DISPLACED TO THE	
	EAST. THE REMAINING MOUNDS ARE COMPOSED OF EARTH AND STONES	
	AND ARE APROXIMATELY 1FT HIGH AND ARE AS FOLLOWS:	
	2- DIAMETER 17FT WITH KERB OF LARGE STONES. AT THE CENTRE IS A	
	REFLED CIST AND A NEARBY STONE 5FT X 18M X 9M COULD BE A	
	CAPSTONE. 3- DIAMETER 30FT WITH REMAINS OF KERB OF LARGE STONES. 4-	
	DIAMETER 29FT NO VISIBLE KERB	
	5-DIAMETER 15FT WITH KERB OF LARGE STONES. A STONE 2FT 9INS BY	
	1FT 6INS AT THE CENTRE MAY BE PART OF THE CIST.	
	6- DIAMETER 18FT WITH REMAINS OF KERB OF VERY LARGE BOULDERS.	
	7- DIAMETER 22FT WITH REMAINS OF KERB OF LARGE STONES. <3> NO CHANGE TO ALL CAIRNS. SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <4>	
	CARNEDD-Y-SAESON IS A CAIRN CIRCLE. THE TYPE SITES OF THIS KIND	
	ARE BRYN CADER FAUER (SH63NW) AND GLANDY (SH12NW). <5>	
	CAIRN ON A SADDLE NORTH OF HAFOD GELYN AT ABOUT 800FT ABOVE	
	O.D. A MOUND 24FT IN DIAMETER AND 2FT HIGH, WITH A SLIGHT HOLLOW	
	AT THE CENTRE DUE TO ROBBING. <1> NO CHANGE. SURVEYED AT	
	1:10560. <2> CAIRN A LOW CIRCULAR MOUND OF EARTH AND STONES ABOUT 25FT IN	
	DIAMETER AND 1FT 6 INS HIGH AT ABOUT 1000 FT ABOVE O.D ON THE	
	NORTHERN AND FACING SLOPE OF FOEL DDREARTH. <3>	
	SURVEYED AT 1:10560 AT SH68287196. <4>	
	ARROW STONE, AN EARTHFAST STONE ABOUT 8FT BY 3FT WITH A SMALL	
	GROUP OF GRROVES ON ITS UPPER SURFACE, ON OPEN MOORLAND ABOUT 850FT ABOVE O.D. <2> NO CHANGE. SURVEYED AT 1:10560.	
	43> NO CHAINGE. SURVETED AT 1.10300.	
	HUT CIRCLE AT FFRIDD NEWYDD AT APPROX 1250FT ABOVE O.D ON	
	ALMOST LEVEL GROUND NEAR THE LINE OF THE ROMAN ROAD. 20FT IN	
	DIAMETER WITH TURF COVERED WALLS. 2FT HIGH. ENTRANCE ON E. <1>	
	INFERRED ROMANO BRITISH. CLASS I. <2> THE POLIND HUT HAS REEN TOTALLY DESTROYED BY THE LAYING OF A	
	PIPELINE. <3> DESTROYED BY GASPIPELINE DURING 1950'S NO	
	REMAINING TRACES COULD BE FOUND. <4>	
374 I	REMAINS OF A LONG HUT SITUATED AT SH69647308 ON GROUND	
- - -	THE ROUND HUT HAS BEEN TOTALLY DESTROYED BY THE LAYING OF A PIPELINE. <3> DESTROYED BY GASPIPELINE DURING 1950'S NO REMAINING TRACES COULD BE FOUND. <4>	

	SLOPING GENTLY TO NE. IT IS 40FT FROM NE TO SW AND 18FT WIDE. THE UPPER END WALL IS RUINED OBSERVING TRACES OF A CURVING HOOD	
	WALL, BUT THE REMAINING WALLS ARE 3FT HIGH AND 3-4FT THICK. <1> THE LONG HUT IS DESCRIBED AS A SHEEPFOLD ON 25" 1914 O.S MAP	
276	PUBLISHED SURVEY REVISED. <2>	
3/6	CAIRN N OF FOD DDUARTH AT 1000FT O.D. MOUND ABOUT 36FT IN DIAMETER AND 3FT HIGH. IN THE CENTRE IS A HOLLOW 5FT IN DIAMETER	
	AND 1FT 6 IN DEEP DUE TO ROBBING. THE CAIRN IS MUCH SCATTERED	
	AND THE TRACK KNOWN AS THE ROMAN ROAD HAS CUT AWAY AT ITS S	
	SIDE. <2>	
380	CAIRN NNW OF FOEL GANOT AT 1000FT ABOVE O.D. A CIRCULAR MOUND	
	OF STONES, 45FT IN DIAMETER AND 3FT HIGH ON GROUND SLOPING TO THE N IRREGULAT HOLLOWS IN THE MOUND ARE PROBABLY THE RESULT	
	OS CASUAL DIGGING. <1> NO CHANGE.	
	SURVEYED AT SH68597222 AT 1:10560. <2>	
381	CAIRN NNE OF FOEL GANOL AT 1200FT ABOVE O.D. A LOW OVAL MOUND	
	OF LARGE STONES, ITS LONGER AXIS N-S, 28FT BY 24FT. TRACES OF AN ORTHOSTATIC KERB ARE VISIBLE. NEAR THE CENTRE ARE THE REMAINS	
	OF A RECTANGULAR CIST, 4FT ACROSS FROM N-S, EAST SIDE WAS	
	FORMED OF A SINGLE SLAB ON EDGE, THOSE ON THE E AND W HAVE	
	COLLAPSED. THE DISPLACED CAPSTONE, A SLAB MEASURING 5FT BY 2FT	
	9INCHES LIES IMMEDIATELY W OF THE CIST. <1> NO CHANGE SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2>	
383	INCISED STONE AT THE HEAD OF AFON GLAN SAIS NEAR THE ROMAN	
	ROAD. THE SURFACE OF A FLAT ROCK 3FT 8 INS BY 2FT 5 INS BEARS A	
	DESIGN CONSISTING OF THREE CONCENTRIC SQUARES, THE CENTRE OF	
	EACH OF THE FOUR SIDES OF THIS DESIGN BEING CUT AND MEASURES ABOUT 9INS SQUARE. <2>	
	INCISED STONE NO CHANGE, SURVEYED AT 1:10560, <3>	
	AT PRESENT THERE IS 1 INCHEN GROWING ON AND AROUND THE	
	MARKINGS. <4> ARROW STONE PRN 384 LIES 30FT TO THE	
394	SSW OF THIS STONE. NOT SSE AS MARKED ON MAPS. <5> ARROW STONE 30FT SSW OF PRN 384 ON STONE 9FT 6INS BY 3FT 6INS.	
304	ON THE EAST OF THIS SLAB SHAPED ROCK ARE TEN VERTICAL CUTS.	
	AND ON THE TOP ARE SEVERAL GROUPS OF PARALLEL CUTS FROM 2-	
	7INS LONG. <2>	
385	SURVEYED AT 69367229. NO CHANGE SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <3> ARROW STONE ON THE W SIDE OF TRACK NEAR FFRIDD NEWYDD. ON	
303	NATURAL BOULDER 7FT BY 3FT 8 INCHES. ON UPPER SURFACE OF	
	STONE ARE GROUPS PARALLEL CUTS FROM 10-18CM LONG. <2>	
206	NO CHANGE. SURVEYED AT 1:10560 AT SH69237240. <3>	
300	AN ARROW STONE AT SH69567315 ON OPEN MOORLAND SOUTH WEST OF CAERNARVON. ITS SURFACE IS ABOUT BY 3FT AND CARRIES MORE	
	THAN 100 INCISIONS. <1> <2> THE ARROW STONE IS AS	
	DESCRIBED BY RCAHM WITH STONE PROSTATE AND IMBEDDED IN THE	
397	GROUND. SURVEYED AT 1:2500. <3> CRESCENT SHAPED FURN MOUND OD BURNT STONE IN TYDDYN-Y-WAEN	
307	AT HEIGHT OF 1000FT. IT IS 48FT IN DIAMETER AND 4FT HIGH, IN MARSHY	
	GROUND ON THE NE BANK OF A SMALL STREAM. THE CENTRAL	
	DEPRESSION IS 12FT IN DIAMETER AND IS OPEN TO THE STREAM. THE	
	AXIS FANCE BETWEEN THE HORNS OF THE CRESCENT IS 10FT. POSSIBLY BRONZE AGE. <1>	
	SH68807286. BOILING MOUND UNCHANGED SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2>	
388	BOILING MOUND SW OF CARMARNAINT AT A HEIGHT OF 290M ABOVE O.D.	
	12M IN DIAMETER ON THE E BANK OF A SMALL STREAM. THE CENTRAL	
	DEPRESSIOIN IS 15FT DIAMENTER AND IS OPEN TO THE SW. THE DISTANCE BETWEEN THE HORNS OF THE CRESCENT BEING 13FT. A	
	LARGE LINE OF BOULDERS, APPARENTLY AN OLD FIELD WALL, CURVES	
	ROUND THE BASE OF THE MOUND ON THE N AND E. <1>	
	POSSIBLY BRONZE AGE. NO CHANGE. SURVEYED AT 1:10560 <2>	
389	N OF FOEL GANOL AT 1000FT ABOVE O.D A CRESCENT SHAPED MOUND OF BURNT STONE ON THE SW BANK OF A SMALL BUT PRONOUNCED	
	HOLLOW; THE DISTANCE BETWEEN THE HORNS IS 8FT. <1>	
	POSSIBLY BRONZE AGE. SURVEYED AT SH68857217 AT 1:10560. <2>	
390	CRESCENT SHAPED BURNT MOUND 40FT IN DIAMETER AT HEIGHT OF	
	1100FT ABOVE O.D ON THE SW BANK OF A SMALL STREAM ON THE NE SIDE FACING THE STREAM IS A HOLLOW, THE DISTANCE BETWEEN THE	
	HORNS OD THE CRESCENT IS 9FT. <1>	
	POSSIBLY BRONZE AGE. SURVEYED AT SH68957232 AT 1:10560. <2>	
391	A MOUND OF BURNT STONE AND CHARCOAL ROUGHLY 35FT IN	
	DIAMETER, ON THE E BANK OF SMALL STREAM. <1> POSSIBLY BRONZE AGE. SH69587244. A CRESCENT SHAPED MOUNDS ON	
	THE E BANK OF A SMALL STREAM, CONTAINS BURNT STONE AND BLACK	
	SOIL. IT IS ROUGHLY 13M IN DIAMETER AND UP TO 0.7M HIGH.	

	SH69567242. THE REMAINS OF A CRECENT SHAPED MOUND OF BURNT STONES SITUATED ON THE E BANK OF A SMALL STREAM. THE SOUTHWESTERN HORN OF THE CRESCENT HAS BEEN WORN AWAY BY THE STREAM AND IT IS NOW ROUGHLY 9.0M IN DIAMETER AND 0.7M HIGH. DURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2>	
	ACCORDING TO THE NAR CARD THERE ARE TWO BURNT MOUNDS, BUT THE DESCRIPTION ONLY REFERS TO ONE.<2>	
392	A SMALL HILLFORT ON A ROUNDED HILLOCK WITH STEEP SLOPES ON ALL SIDES EXCEPT NE. THERE APPEARS TO HAVE BEEN A CENTRAL ENCLOSURE OD ABOUT 120' DIAMETER WITH TWO ADDITIONAL RAMPANTS ON THE S AND ON THE N. THE WALLS WERE ABOUT 9' THICK, OF LOOSE STONES FACED WITH UPRIGHT SLABS. THE FORT HAS BEEN EXTENSIVELY ROBBED AND THE WALLS SURVIVE ONLY TO ABOUT 1' IN HEIGHT. THERE ARE TRACES OF 14 HUTS, VARYING FROM 20'-30' IN DIAMETER. MOST OF THEM SEEM TO BE LATER THAN THE RAMPANTS. THE RAMPANTS WERE SECTIONED IN 1925 AND THE CENTRAL HUT WAS PARTLY EXCAVATED. NO DATING EVIDENCE WAS FOUND. <1> THE REMAINS ARE NOTHING MORE THAN THESE OF AN ENCLOSED HUT GROUP, RATHER UNUSUALLY SITUATED. SURVEYED AT 1:2500. <2> ALSO DESCRIBED IN <3> TERRACED FIELDS, MORE ROUND HUTS, AND A SINGLE LONG HUT TO	Dinas is a small hillfort which has been extensively robbed. It would appear to consist of a central enclosure some 40m in diameter with a central hut and three additional ramparts on the north and south sides. Traces of a further 13 huts, of 7-10m in diameter, lie within these additional ramparts. Partial excavation in the 1920's by Harold Hughes and Beazant Lowe revealed two quern fragments and fragments of a rubbing stone.
	THE NE, OUTSIDE THE SCHEDULED AREA. <4>	rubbing stone.
456	CAIRN KNOWN AS "CONNEDD Y DDELW" ON THE SUMMIT OF A MOUNTAIN 2250FT HIGH. LARGE MOUND OF STONES 60'IN DIAMETER AND 5' HIGH. IN THE CENTRE IS A HOLLOW 5' DEEP EXPOSING THE UPPER PART OF AN UPRIGHT SLAB 1'6" LONG, POSSIBLY THE REMAINS OF A CIST OR BURIAL CHAMBER. IN THE EARLY YEARS OF THE PRESENT CENTURY THE CAPSTONE OF A CIST WAS SAID TO BE VISIBLE. A GOLD IMAGE 5 INS LONG IS SAID TO HAVE BEEN FOUND AT THIS CAIRN SOME TIME IN THE 18TH CENTURY. CONDITION:ROBBED. <1> NO CHANGE. <2>	
457	PLATFORM HOUSES, 1050FT ABOVE O.D. IT MEASURES 19' FROM E TO W	
	AND 12' WIDE. AN INNER WALL FACE OF SLABS IS VISIBLE ON THE S AND W. THERE ARE TRACES OF A SMALL YARD TO THE S. CONDITION: ALMOST DESTROYED: OVERGROWN. <1> DESCRIBED BY RCAHM. SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2>	
458	THREE LONG HUTS. <1> ALSO MENTIONED IN RCAHM. <2>	
459	CAIRN W OF FOEL LWYD, 1400FT ABOVE O.D. A LEVEL CIRCULAR PLATFORM 23' IN DIAMETER AND 2' HIGH WITH A KERB OF LARGE STONES. IN THE CENTRE IS A RECTANGULAR CIST, LONGER AXIS E-W, 4FT LONG, 2FT WIDE, 2FT AND 6 INS DEEP. NW OF THE CIST IS THE DISLOGED CAPSTONE, 6FT X 4FT X 1FT. CONDITION:GOOD. <1> A WELL DEFINED MOUND, GOOD CIRCLE OF OUTER STONES, CONTAINING A VERY GOOD COST. SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2> <3>	
460	CAIRN ON THE SUMMIT OF THE HILL KNOWN AS MAELFRE, 14-22FT ABOVE O.D. AN OVAL MOUND, 26' X 2' AND I' HIGH WITH ITS LONGER AXIS E-W. IN THE CENTRE OF THE CAIRN IS A SLIGHT HOLLOW. CONDITION: ALMOST DESTROYED. <1> NO CHANGE. <2> CONSISTS OF A GRASS COVERED STONE BANK 1.5M WIDE, 0.3 TO 0.5M HIGH. <3>	
	CAIRN IN FFRIDD ARW, 1200FT ABOVE O.D, 28' IN DIAMETER AND 1'6" HIGH. A HOLLOW IN THE CENTRE CONTAINS THE REMAINS OF A STONE CIST, ITS LONGER AXIS NW-SE. TO THE W OF THE CIST IS THE DISLOGED CAPSTONE, A SLAB MEASURING 3' X 2' 6" X 9". CONDITION: MOUND ROBBED, CIST DAMAGED. <1> DESCRIPTION AND PHOTOGRAPH IN ARCH. CAM. <2> THE CAIRN AND CIST ARE AS DESCRIBED BY RCAHM. THERE IS NO DOUBT THAT THIS IS ALSO THE CAIRN AND CIST MENTIONED BY LOWE DESPITE SLIGHT DIFFERENCES IN DESCRIPTION. SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <3>	
462	CAIRN ON THE SW BANK OF THE AFON DDU, 1150FT ABOVE O.D. OVAL MOUND 19' X 14' AND 2' HIGH. TRACES OF A KERB OF LARGE STONES ARE VISIBLE. IN THE CENTRE IS A SLIGHT HOLLOW. CONDITION:RUINED. <1> SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2>	
463	CAIRN ON LLANNECH FEDW, 1400FT ABOVE O.D CLOSE TO THE LINE OF THE ROMAN ROAD. MOUND ABOUT 33 FT IN DIAMETER AND 2' 6" HIGH. THE CENTRE HAS BEEN ROBBED TO FORM A HOLLOW 2' 6" DEEP IN WHICH THE STONES OF THE CAIRN HAVE BEEN REBUILT AS A SMALL SHEEP-SHELTER. CONDITION: RUINED AND OVERGROWN WITH HEATHER. <1> SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2>	
464	CAIRN ON CORS CARMEDDAU. A LARGE CIRCULAR CAIRN CONSISTING	
	OF A MOUND SURROUNDED BY A DITCH AND BANK. THE MOUND IS 60' DIAMETER, 8' HIGH, THE CENTRE HAS BEEN ROBBED TO FORM A	

	CRATER. AT THE BASE OF THE MOUND IS A SHALLOW DITCH 3' WIDE, AND OUTSIDE THE DITCH A BANK, 10-12FT WIDE AND 1FT HIGH, WITH TRACES OF A KERB ON THE SW. CONDITION: RUINED. <1> NO CHANGE. <2>	
	NO CHANGE. <3>	
465	A TUMULUS SITUATED ON OPEN MOORLAND. 22' DIAMETER, 2' HIGH. A	
	SLIGHT HOLLOW IN THE CENTRE IS PROBABLY DUE TO ROBBING. IN A	
	POOR CONDITION. <1> AS DESCRIBED BY RCAHM.	
	SURVEYED AT 1:2500. <2>	
466	OVAL MOUND OF CHARCOAL AND FRAGMENTS OF BURNT STONE ON THE	
	N BANK OF A SMALL STREAM. IT IS 45' X 30' AND ABOUT 3' HIGH, WITH ITS LONG AXIS E-W. POSSIBLY BRONZE AGE. <1>	
	SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2>	
467	SOUTH OF MOELFRE, 1200FT ABOVE O.D. A LOW FLAT CIRCULAR MOUND	
	OF EARTH AND SMALL STONES, 30FT DIAMETER, AT THE N EDGE OF A	
	MARSH IN OPEN MOORLAND. IN THE CENTRE IS A SLIGHT HOLLOW AND A	
	NARROW BREAK ON THE S SIDE FACES THE MARSH. TRACES OF A KERB	
	OF LARGE STONES ARE VISIBLE ON THE W. CONDITION: RUINED. <1> SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2>	
468	CRESCENT SHAPED MOUND OF CHARCOAL AND BURNT STONE, OPEN TO	
700	A SMALL STREAM ON THE N SIDE. 40' DIAMETER AND 16' BETWEEN THE	
	HORNS OF THE CRESCENT. <1> SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2>	
469	A MOUND OF BURNT STONES ON THE NE BANK OF THE AFON DDU AT A	
	HEIGHT OF 1150FT ABOVE O.D, 34FT IN DIAMETER. A CENTRAL HOLLOW	
	IS OPEN TO THE STREAM, THE DISTANCE BETWEEN THE HORNS OF THE CRESCENT BEING 12 FT. <1>	
470	CAIRNS AND MOUNDS ON AND S OF BRYNIAU BUGEILYDD, AT ABOUT	
470	1200-1350FT ABOVE O.D. MORE THAN 20 LOW MOUND ARE SCATTERED	
	OVER AN AREA OF ABOUT 1000 YARDS BY 500 YARDS AND E OF BRYNIAU	
	BUGEILYDD. FOUR AT LEST ARE CERTAINLY SEPULTURAL AND	
	ALTHOUGH MOST OF THE OTHERS RESEMBLE THE FIELD CLEARANCE	
	DUMPS SE OF BRAICH Y DINAS, THEIR CLOSE ASSOCIATION WITH THE BURIAL MOUNDS SUGGESTS THAT THE WHOLE GROUP IS A CAIRN	
	CEMENTRY. MOUND OF STONES WITH KERB OF LARGE STONES, CIST NE	
	OF CENTRE 4FT 6 INS, AND 3FT, COVERSTORE LYING NEAR. <1>	
	NO CHANGE. SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2>	
471	CAIRNS AND MOUNDS ON AND S OF BRYNIAU BUGEILYDD. MORE THAN 20	
	MOUNDS ARE SCATTERED OVER AN AREA OF ABOUT 1000 YARDS X 500 YARDS. FOUR AT LEAST ARE CERTAINLY SEPULTURAL. MOUND OF	
	LOOSE STONES. CIST 3FT 6 INS X 2 FT, AXIS NNW-SSE. A FLINT FLAKE	
	WAS FOUND IN THIS. <1>	
	NO CHANGE. SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2>	
472	ABOUT 20 CAIRNS AND MOUNDS ON AND S OF BRYNIAU BUGEILYDD,	
	OVER AN AREA ABOUT 1000 YARDS X 500 YARDS. FOUR AT LEAST ARE CERTAINLY SEPULTURAL. MOUND TURF-COVERED. CIST 4'3" X 1'9". AXIS	
	WNW-ESE, ONLY NE AND SE STONES VISIBLE. <1> NO	
	CHANGE. SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2>	
473	ABOUT 20 CAIRNS AND MOUNDS COVER AN AREA OF AROUND 1000	
	YARDS X 500 YARDS, ON AND S OF BRYNIAU BUGEILYDD. FOUR ARE	
	CERTAINLY SEPULTURAL, AND THE CLOSE ASSOCIATION OF THE OTHERS SUGGEST THAT THE WHOLE GROUP IS A CAIRN CEMENTERY.	
	ABOUT 30 YARDS W OF 4, ARE FOUR LARGE STONES DOSELY SET, WITH	
	A FIFTH NEAR NW, PERHAPS THE REMAINS OF A CIRCLE ABOUT 20FT IN	
	DIAMETER. <1> NO CHANGE. SURVEYED AT	
4	1:10560. <2>	
474	A LOW RING OF EARTH AND STONES, 3FT THICK, ABOUT 6 INS HIGH AND 23 FT IN DIAMETER. <1>	
	RING OF STONE AND EARTH. NO CHANGE: JUST POSSIBLY THE	
	VESTIGIAL REMAINS OF AN ENCLOSED CREMATION CEMENTERY.	
	SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2>	
475	4 LARGE BOULDERS COVERED BY MOUND. <1>	
470	ALSO MENTIONED IN RCAHM. <2>	
4/6	FOUR LARGE NATURAL BOULDERS WITH NARROW DEFTS BETWEEN THEM, APPEAR TO HAVE BEEN COVERED BY A MOUND ABOUT 40FT IN	
	DIAMETER. <1> CAIRN, NO CHANGE.	
	SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2>	
477	LOW CAIRNS, 30-35FT IN DIAMETER AND 1-2FT HIGH. <1>	
	CAIRN, NO CHANGE. SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2>	
478	LOW CAIRN. <1>	
470	ALSO MENTIONED IN RCAHM. <2> HUT. <1>	
4/9	ALSO DESCRIBED IN RCAHM. <2>	
480	HUTS, N OF BWLCHY DDEUFAEN, 1400FT ABANG O.D. OVAL HUT, LONGER	
	AXIS E-W, 18' X 12'. CONDITION: POOR. <1>	

	A GROUP OF THREE CONNECTED HUT CIRCLES WITH WALLS 3 1/2- 4 1/2 THICK, ON A WELL-DRAINED SITE SLOPING TO THE S. A WALL 4FT THICK CONNECTS THESE THREE CIRCLES WITH ANOTHER 111FT TO THE N AND APPEARS TO EXTEND BEYOND IT TO FORM AN ENCLOSURE. SURVEYED	
	AT 1:10560. <2> THIS SETTLEMENT CONSISTS OF TWO HUT CIRCLES OF IRON AGE OR	
	ROMANO BRITISH DATE WHICH ALTHOUGH SEPARATED BY 30M ARE CONNECTED BY A RUBBLE STONE WALL. ONE OF THE HUTS IS OF UNUSUAL CONSTRUCTION, POSSESSING TWO CONNECTED ANNEXES	
481	AND AN INTURNED ENTRANCE.<4> THE FOUNDATIONS OF A HUT CIRCLE 8M I DIAMETER, ARE BARELY	
482	DISCERNIBLE ON THE W FACING HILLSIDE. SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <1> A HUT CIRCLES WITH ASSOCIATED WALLING, DISCOVERED DURING	
	FIELDWORK. 1- A HUT CIRCLE WITH REMAINS OF THREE SQUARE ANNEXES HAS BEEN REBUILT TO FORM A SHEEP SHELTER. 2- A HUT CIRCLE WITH SMALL SQUARE ANNEXES TO THE SE AND SW. ADJOINING TO THE NW IS AN AERA OF SMALL STONES ROUGHLY	
	RECTANGULAR, THEIR PURPOSE IS NOT APPARENT. 3- A CIRCULAR PILE OF STONES, POSSIBLY A FIELD CLEARANCE HEAP. 4- A HUT CIRCLE. TO THE S A MODERN SHEEPFOLD PROBABLY STANDS	
	ON THE SITE OF A HUT CIRCLE. RUDIMENTARY WALLING EXTENDING BETWEEN THESE HUT CIRCLES PROBABLY REPRESENTS THE REMAINS OF A FIELD SYSTEM. SURVEYED	
483	AT 1:10560. <1> A HEATHER-COVERED CAIRN 9M DIAMETER UP TO 1M HIGH. IT IS DISTURBED AT THE CENTRE. DISCOVERED DURING FIELD WORK. SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <1>	
	MOUND OF STONES. <1>	
	MOUND OF STONES. <1> SMALL MOUND OF STONES AND EARTH. <2> MOUND OF STONES. <1>	
	SMALL MOUND OF EARTH AND STONES. <2> MOUND OF STONES. <1>	
	SMALL MOUND OF EARTH AND STONES. <2> MOUND OF BURNT STONE. <1>	
489	SMALL MOUND OF EARTH AND STONES. <2> MOUND OF STONES. <1>	
490	SMALL MOUND OF EARTH AND STONES. <2> MOUND OF STONE. <1>	
491	SMALL MOUNTH OF EARTH AND STONES. <2> MOUND OF STONES. <1> SMALL MOUNTH OF EARTH AND STONES. <2>	
492	MOUND OF STONES. <1> SMALL MOUND OF EARTH AND STONES. <2>	
493	MOUND OF STONES. <1> SMALL MOUND OF EARTH AND STONES. <2>	
494	MOUND OF STONES. <1> SMALL MOUND OF EARTH AND STONES. <2>	
495	SMALL MOUNDS OF STONES AND EARTH. 10-20F IN DIAMETER AND 1-2FT HIGH. <1> FIELD CLEARANCE HEAPS. NO CHANGE. ONLY THE LOWEST TRACES OF FIELDS ARE EVIDENT IN THE AREA. SURVEYED AT	
496	1:10560. <2> MOUND OF STONES. <1>	
	SMALL MOUNDS OF EARTH AND STONES, 10-20FT DIAMETER, 1-2FT HIGH. <2>	
	STONES. <1> SMALL MOUND OF EARTH STONES. <2> FIELDS AND DWELLINGS TERRACED FIELDS ROUGHLY RECTANGULAR	
498	FIELDS AND DWELLINGS. TERRACED FIELDS, ROUGHLY RECTANGULAR ARE STRONGLY PLOUGH-MARKED AND RUN DIAGONALLY ACROSS THE CONTOURS. THEIR ORIGINS MAY BE CONNECTED WITH NEARBY ROUND HUTS, BUT HAVE PROBABLY BEEN MODIFIED BY CULTIVATION	
	ASSOCIATED WITH THE PLATFORM HOUSE NEARBY. FIVE ROUND HUTS ARE NEARBY, 1 -4 LIE TOGETHER IN A SMALL GROUP, 5 IS 90 YARDS W OF 1. CONDITION: ALMOST DESTROYED- POOR. <1> HUT CIRCLES AND FIELD SYSTEM AS DESCRIBED BY RCAHM. SURVEYED 1:10560. <2>	
501	HUT AND ENCLOSURE. A CIRCULAR HUT 30FT IN DIAMETER, WITHIN A ROUGHLY CONCENTRIC ENCLOSURE 70FT IN DIAMENTER. THE	
	STRUCTURES ARE DEFINED BY GRASSY BANKS, MUCH DENUDED BUT CONTAINING A FEW STONES HERE AND THERE. A MODERN FIELD WALL HAS DESTROYED THE N SIDE OF THE SITE. CONDITION MUCH RUINED. VISITED 30TH NOVEMBER 1950. <1>	
	NO CHANGE. SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2> A MODERN FIELD WALL HAS BEEN BUILT OVER THE E SIDE OF THE	

	ENCLOSURE. <3> BRIEF REPORT OF WATCHING BRIEF. <4>	
502	A MUCH RUINED OVAL ENCLOSURE 90' X 80'. IT IS OPEN TO THE SW. A	
002	TERRACED PLATFORM 48' X 19' POSSIBLY THE SITE OF A LONG HUT,	
	OCCUPIES THE NW PART OF THE ENCLOSURE. A STREAM CUTS	
	THROUGH THE ENCLOSURE FROM W TO E. A SMALL RUINED SHEEPFOLD	
	A FEW YARDS TO THE SE APPEARS OCCUPY THE SITE OF AN EARLIER	
	STRUCTURE. <1> SITED AS DESCRIBED. SURVEYED AT 1:10560.	
	<2> AN EARLY FIELD BANK	
	RUNS FROM THE ENCLOSURE TO THE STORE SOIL, WHICH MAY ANEXLIE	
	AN EARLIER STRUCTURE. <3>	
	PLATFORM BUT NO TRACES OF STRUCTURE.<4>	
504	LONG HUT GROUP. CONDITION: MUCH ROBBED. <1>	
	THE REMAINS OF TWO LONG HUTS WITHIN AN ENCLOSURE ON A SE	
	FACING SLOPE. THE ENCLOSURE MEASURES 38M X 22M AND ITS WALL IS	
	STILL WELL-DEFINED. THE WALLS OF THE LONG-HUTS HOWEVER, SHOW	
	ONLY AS LOW GREEN BANKS WITH THE OCCASIONAL OBTRUDING	
500	STONE. SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2> LONG HUT, 42FT X 18FT, ORIENTATED NW-SE, WITH HOOD WALL.	
509	CONDITION:POOR. <1> THE OUTLINE OF A PLTFORM HOUSE 14M X	
	6M WITH A PROTECTING HOOD WALL TO THE NW, CAN BE DISCERNED.	
	SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2>	
	A LONG HOUSE, THE AXIS RUNNING NW-SE. A FIELD WALL RUNS NE	
	FROM THE S END. <3>	
511	LONG HUT. <1>	
	HUT MENTIONED IN RCAHM. <2>	
	FIELD BOUNDARIES ADJOIN THE W AND S SIDES. <3>	
	HUTS N OF PEN Y GAER. CONDITION: POOR. <1>	
	LONG HUT 6M LONG, 5M WIDE, ORIENTATED N-S, CONSISTS OF DRY-	
	STONE WALLS. SURVEYED AT 1:2500. <2>	
514	ROUND HUTS ON THE N SIDE OF THE VALLEY OF THE AFON TAFOLOG,	
	1300FT ABOVE OD. ONE 28FT IN DIAMETER, WALLS 3FT THICK AND 1FT 6	
	INS HIGH, WITH ENTRANCE 5FT WIDE ON SE AND A SECOND 30FT TO NE,	
	15FT IN DIAMETER, WITH ENTRANCE ON S AND AN ANNEXE 6FT	
	DIAMETER ON THE SW. CONDITION: FAIR. <1>	
	HUT CIRCLES AS DESCRIBED. SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2>	
515	TWO LONG HUTS AND ENCLOSURE. <1> HUTS DESCRIBED IN RCAHM. <2>	
516	LONG HUT. <1>	
1	A LONG HUT 15' X 8'. ITS WALLS ARE 3FT THICK, FACED WITH UPRIGHT	
	STONES UP TO 2FT HIGH. <2>	
517	LONG HUT. <1>	
	THREE SIDES OF A LONG HUT 40' X 15', WALLS 2' 6 INS THICK AND 1FT	
	HIGH. THE S SIDE IS DESTROYED. <2>	
518	LONG HUT, 18FT X 14FT, ORIENTATED NW-SE, WITH 15FT WIDE YARD ON	
	THE SW. THERE ARE NUMEROUS FIELD CLEARANCE DUMPS TO THE E.	
	CONDITION: POOR. <1> SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2>	
519	CAIRN KNOWN AS 'BARCLODIAD Y GAWRES'. A LARGE CAIRN AT ABOUT	
	1300FT ABOVE OD IN A NATURAL DEPRESSION FALLING GENTLY TO THE	
	S AND JOINING THE HEAD OF THE VALLEY OF THE AFON TAFOLOG. THE	
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	CAIRN IS MUCH RUINED BUT SEEMS ORIGINALLY TO HAVE BEEN OVAL OR RECTANGULAR WITH A LARGE CIST ON ITS N SIDE. THE CIST IS 58FT LONG AND SEEMS TO HAVE BEEN ABOUT 4FT WIDE, BUT THE SIDE STONES ARE MUCH DISPLORED. CONDITION:FAIR, SUPERFICIALLY MUCH DISTURBED. <1> A LARGE TUMULUS LIES IN THE ANGLE BETWEEN THE ROMAN ROAD AND THE TRACK TO LLANFAIRFECHAN. <2> AS DESCRIBED BY RCAHM SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <3> MANY OF THE SURFACE STONES HAVE THE APPEARANCE OF HAVING BEEN DISTURBED. <4> SCHEDULED AREA INCREASED TO INCLUDE THREE OTHER CAIRNS AND A LENGTH OF ROMAN ROAD CN 13IE. PRN 520,521,560,3842. <5> CAIRN, NEAR PRN 519. DIAMETER 18FT HEIGHT ABOUT 2FT, WITH TRACES OF A KERB. CONDITION:RUINED. <1> AS DESCRIBED BY RCAHM. SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2> CAIRN LYING APPROXIMATALY 200M E OF BARCLODIAD Y GAWRES CAIRN. DIAMETER OF 6M TURF COVERED, TWO CONCENTRIC RINGS OF BOULDERS VISIBLE. <3> INCLUDED IN ENLARGED SCHEDULED AREA AROUND BARCLODIAD Y GAWRES CAIRN. <4> CAIRN. DIAMETER 36FT HEIGHT 1FT WITH TRACES OF KERB OR UPRIGHT STONES. CONDITION: RUINED AND ROBBED. <1>	

	ENLARGED SCHEDULED AREA AROUND BARCHDIAD Y GAWRES CAIRN.	
523	STANDING STONES IN THE PASS KNOWN AS BWLCH Y ADENFAEN AT A HEIGHT OF 1350FT ABOVE O.D. TWO LARGE UPRIGHT STONES, FROM WHICH THE PASS RECIEVES ITS NAME. THE LARGEST IS 10FT HIGH RISING TO A BLUNT POINT. THE BASE IS ROUGHLY QUADRILATERAL PLAN, 3 OF THE SIDES MEASURING 4FT AND THE FOURTH 6FT. PACKING STONES ARE VISIBLE ROUND THE BASE. 90 YARDS TO THE NW IS ANOTHER, 6FT HIGH, 4FT WIDE AND 1FT THICK. NEAR THIS ON THE E ARE TWO SMALLER STONES 7 X 6 INS 1FT HIGH AND 3FT X 1FT 6 INS HIGH. CONDITION: GOOD. <1> ONE OF THESE STONES WAS PLACED UPRIGHT IN THE EARLY 20TH CENTURY. <3> FMW SITE VISITS 1988,1990,1992. <2> <5> <6> I AM SITE VISIT 1989. AS PREVIOUSLY DESCRIBED. THE SCHEDULED AREA OF THIS MONUMENT HAS BEEN INCREASED SINCE THE LAST VISIT, AND NOW INCLUDES THE SMALL UPRIGHT STONES EAST OF THE NW STONE AND CAIRN WEST OF THE STONES AT SH71427184. A LENGTH OF THE TRACKWAY WHICH FOLLOWS THE LINE OF THE ROMAN ROAD ALSO LIES WITHIN THE SCHEDULED AREA. THE STANDING STONES WILL NOW BECOME CN 129A THE CAIRN CN 129B AND THE TRACK CN 129C. <7> AS DESCRIBED BY RCAHM. SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <8>	
524	STANDING STONES IN THE PASS KNOWN AS BWLCH Y ADENFAEN AT A HEIGHT OF 1350FT ABOVE O.D. TWO LARGE UPRIGHT STONES, FROM WHICH THE PASS RECIEVES ITS NAME. THE LARGEST IS 10FT HIGH RISING TO A BLUNT POINT. THE BASE IS ROUGHLY QUADRILATERAL PLAN, 3 OF THE SIDES MEASURING 4FT AND THE FOURTH 6FT. PACKING STONES ARE VISIBLE ROUND THE BASE. 90 YARDS TO THE NW IS ANOTHER, 6FT HIGH, 4FT WIDE AND 1FT THICK. NEAR THIS ON THE E ARE TWO SMALLER STONES 7 X 6 INS 1FT HIGH AND 3FT X 1FT 6 INS HIGH. CONDITION: GOOD. <1> AS DESCRIBED BY RCAHM . SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2> ONE OF THESE STONES WAS PLACED UPRIGHT IN THE EARLY 20TH CENTURY. <4> THE SCHEDULED AREA OF THIS MONUMENT HAS BEEN INCREASED SINCE THE LAST VISIT, AND NOW INCLUDES THE SMALL UPRIGHT STONES EAST OF THE NW STONE AND CAIRN WEST OF THE STONES AT SH71427184. A LENGTH OF THE TRACKWAY WHICH FOLLOWS THE LINE OF THE ROMAN ROAD ALSO LIES WITHIN THE SCHEDULED AREA. THE STANDING STONES WILL NOW BECOME CN 129A THE CAIRN CN 129B AND THE TRACK CN 129C. <7> FIELD MONUMENT WARDEN REPORTS 1988 <3> NO CHANGE 1990. <7>	
525	NO CANGE 1992 <8> TWO UPRIGHT STANDING STONES ARE SITUATED INA DIRECT LINE WITH THE MAERI Y BARDD CROMLECH. THE LARGER IS 4FT HIGH AND 3FT X 1' 6INS AT BASE. THE OTHER IS INCORPORATED IN A MODERN FIELD WALL, 18 YARDS TO THE W. IT IS 3' HIGH AND 3' X 2' AT BASE. BOTH ARE IN GOOD CONDITION. <1> THE STANDING STONES ARE AS DESCRIBED IN RCAHM ALTHOUGH THEY ARE ALIGNED 5 DEGREES TO THE N OF MAEN Y BARDD BURIAL CHAMBER. SURVEYED AT 1:2500. <2> TWO STANDING STONES. THE W STONE HAS BEEN INCORPORATED INTO A FIELD BOUNDARY. <3>	
	STANDING STONE 570 YARDS W OF THE MAEN Y BARDD CROMLECH AT A HEIGHT OF 1200FT ABOVE O.D. A LARGE UPRIGHT STONE 5FT HIGH. ITS BASE MEASURES 6' X 2' WITH ITS LONGER AXIS E-W. PACKING STONES ARE VISIBLE ON THE N SIDE. VISITED 16/4/47. CONDITION:GOOD. <1> NO CHANGE. SITUATED ON A LOW CIRCULAR MOUND OR FOUNDATION OF STONES IN AN AREA OF MET GROUND. <2> THERE IS SOME SLIGHT EROSION AROUND THE LOWER SIDE. <3>	
	FFON Y CAWR OR PICELL ARTHUR, A TALL THIN UPRIGHT STONE, 6' HIGH, 1' BY 9" AT BASE, SURROUNDED BY SMALL PACKING STONES IT STANDS ON THE 5 EDGE OF THE ROMAN ROAD, 1100FT ABOVE O.D AND IS COMPARABLE IN SHAPE AND POSITION TO THE 5-6TH CENTURY. MAER MADOC, THOUGH SMALLER AND UNINSCRIBED. <1> STANDING STONE-NEITHER NAME CONFIRMED. <2> THE STONE IS LEARNING AT A SHARP ANGLE TO THE SE. <3> STONE CIRCLE, CERRIG PRYFAID, 1350FT ABOVE O.D. CONDITION:FAIR.	
	<1> A FAIRLY COMPLETE CIRCLE OF TEN STONES OF VARIOUS SIZES 24 YARDS IN DIAMETER, WITH A GAP OF 38 FT OF STONES ARE PARTIALLY COVERED WITH GRASS, BUT CAN EASILY BE TRACED; THEIR AVERAGE DISTANCE APART IS 21 1/2 FT. TWO OTHER STONES, WHICH MAY POSSIBLY FORM PART OF ANOTHER CIRCLE, LIE TO THE W. <2> THE CERRIG PRYFAID STONE CIRCLE IS CENTRES AT SH72457132 ON A SMALL LEVEL PLATEAU. IT IS	

	DESCRIBED BY HOME AND THE RCAHM. TEN STONES ARE STILL IN SITU AS ARE THE TWO OUT LIERS SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <3> A CIRCLE OF STANDING STONES; TEN STONES AND ONE STONE HOLE FORM THE CIRCLE, THERE ARE TWO OUTLIERS AND ONE OUTLYING STONEHOLE ON THE SW. <4> MAEN Y BARDD IS A CROMLECH STANDING ON GROUND FALLING TO THE SE, ON THE N SIDE OF THE ROMAN ROAD LEADING FROM CAERHUN TO CAERNARFON. IT IS IN GOOD CONDITION. <1> THE BURIAL CHAMBER IS AS DESCRIBED BY RCAHM. <2> A SIMPLE BURIAL CHAMBER OF ORTHOSTATS SUPPORTING A LARGE CAPSTONE. <3> NO SIGN OF A BARROW OF ANY KIND. MISS LYNCH, HOWEVER, REFERS TO THE CHAMBER AS SET IN AN AMORPHOUS CAIRN. <4>	A well known and well visited burial chamber of portal dolmen type, located near the Roman road from Caerhun to Caernarfon. The stone chamber is still intact but the shape of the cairn which would once have covered it is confused by the remains of later field boundaries. Located within a rich multi-period archaeological landscape, the presence of a Bronze Age cost grave and two standing stones close by indicate that this was probably a well travelled route way long before the construction of the Roman road.
531	MOUND OF BURNT STONE, ON THE N SIDE OF THE VALLEY OF THE AFON TAFOLOG, AT A HEIGHT OF 1250FT ABOVE OD ON THE W BANK OF A SMALL STREAM. CRESCENTIC, 40FT IN DIAMETER, 3FT HIGH, 16FT BETWEEN THE HORNS OF THE CRESCENT, WHICH IS OPEN TO THE N. CONDITION:FAIR. <i>SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2></i>	
532	HUT GROUP, APPARENTLY ENCLOSED, ON LEVEL GROUND ON THE SW BANK OF A SMALL STREAM. TWO CIRCULAR HUTS CAN BE MADEUOT, C 18' AND 22' DIAMETER, ALSO TRACES OF OTHERS AND OF CONNECTING OR ENCLOSING WALLS. CONDITION: MUCH RUINED. <1> SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2> A FIELD BANK APPEARS TO RUN AROUND HUT A. <3> A POST MEDIEVAL POSSIBLY WITH A LONG HUT BENEATH. <4>	
533	LONG HUT 26' X 12' ORIENTATED NE-SW. WALLS FACED WITH SLABS. CONDITION: RUINED AND OVERGROWN. <1> SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2>	
534	3 CAIRNS, CARS Y CARNEDDAU AT 1300FT ABOVE OD. 1- OVAL SETTING OF 8 BOULDERS, 12' X 10' INTERNALLY. SIX OF THE STONES ARE UPRIGHT AND UP TO 2' HIGH. NO MOUND IS VISIBLE BUT A FEW LOOSE STONES REMAIN. CONDITION:FAIR. <1> RCAHM 1, IS REALLY NEITHER CAIRN NOR HUT CIRCLE; ITS ORIGIN AND PURPOSE ARE NOR APPARENT. SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2> AN OVAL SETTING. GAPS ON E AND N SIDES, STONES CLOSE TOGETHER ON W AND S SIDES. <3>	
535	THREE CAIRNS, CORS Y CARNEDDAU, 1300 FT ABOVE O.D 3- MOUND, 7 YARDS N OF 2, 19' DIAMETER AND 2' HIGH. CONDITION: POOR. <1> AS DESCRIBED BY RCAHM. SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2> A LOW GRASS- COVERED STONY MOUND, 4.5M ACROSS, 0.3M HIGH. <3>	
	THREE CAIRNS, CORS Y CARNEDDAU, 1300FT ABOVE O.D 2- MOUND OF LOOSE STONES, 50 YARDS SE OF 1, 51' DIAMETER, 5 LARGE STONES OF THE KERB REMAIN ON THE N. CONDITION: ROBBED EXCEPT ON S. <1> AS DESCRIBED IN RCAHM. SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2> GENERALLY IN GOOD CONDITION. <3>	
	OVAL MOUND 50' X 40', 3'6" HIGH. ITS OVAL SHAPE APPEARS TO BE THE RESULT OF THE THROWING OUT OF MATERIAL TO THE S. <1> MOUND AND STONE CIRCLE. IMMEDIATELY E OF THE MOUND ARE 5 SMALL EARTHFAST STONES WHICH MAY BE THE REMAINS OF A CIRCLE ABOUT 20FT DIAMETER. <2> NO CHANGE. SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <3> TELEGRAPH POLE ERECTED ON THE NE SIDE OF THE MOUND. <4>	
538	OVAL MOUND (CAIRN). <1> OVAL MOUND, AXIS NE-SW, 26' X 20', 2' HIGH. AT THE CENTRE IS A HOLLOW 2FT 6INS DEEP, DUE TO ROBBING. <2>	
539	FIVE LARGE EARTH FAST BOULDERS PLACED ROUGHLY IN A RING TO FORM A CIRCLE WITH A DIAMETER OF 10FT. THE STONES ARE UP TO 2FT IN HEIGHT. NO MOUND IS VISIBLE BUT THE REMAINS ARE PROBABLY THOSE OF A MINED CAIRN. (275) SH72537476. <1> (WHEN EXCAVATED) NOTHING WAS FOUND BEYONG A SCATTER OF SMALL STONES IN A ROUGH CIRCLE BETWEEN THE LARGE BOULDERS, MANY PAGMENTS OF QUARTZ, AND A CENTRAL SMALL RECTANGULAR PIT FILLE WITH A MAN OF QUARTZ NODULES. THE SITE IS PROBABLY OF	

THE SAME GENERAL AGE AS THE NEIGHBOURING MONUMENTS. <2> A STONE CIRCLE WITH AN INTERNAL DIAMETER OF C 10FT, CENSISTING OF FIVE LARGE BOULDERS SET LENGTHWISE, WITH A CONSIDERABLE SCATTER OF SMALL STONES FORMING A ROUGH RING BETWEEN THEM, PRESUMABLY REPRESENTING A FFEBLE ATTEMPT TO BUILD A STONE BANK. THE CIRCLE WAS EXCAVATE BY W.E GRIFFITTHS IN 1958-59, THE ONLY FINDS BEING A SMALL SHALLOW PIT, 10 X 7 X 4 INS, FILLED WITH A DENSE IMAN OF QUARTZ FRAGMENTS, AND A SMALL NATCHED-SHAPED IMPLEMENT OF GRAIG LWYD ROCK, THE PRESENCE OF WHICH WAS PROBABLY FORTUITOUS. THE PURPOSE OS THE CIRCLE IS UNKNOWN BUT IT WAS PROBABLY SEPULCHURAL. PROBABLY MODELLED ON THE 'DRUID'S CIRCLE' AND AROUND THE SAME DATE. <3> THE AXE IS IN MANCHESTER MUSEUM. <4> <5>

- 540 CAIRN, E OF RED FARM, COMPRISING TRACES OF A LEVELLED CIRCULAR AREA 46' IN DIAMETER. <1> STONE CIRCLE AND CAIRN, E OF RED FARM, ON LEVEL GROUND AT A HEIGHT OF 1100FT ABOVE OD. TRACES OF A CIRCULAR LEVELLED AREA 4 6' IN DIAMETER, DEFINED BY A SLIGHT BANK OF EARTHAND STONES. AGAINST ITS SE SIDE IS A LARGE PILE OF STONES AND AN IRREGULAR HOLLOW. THE WHOLE MAY REPRESENT THE REMAINS OF A LARGE CAIRN WHICH HAS BEEN USED AS A QUERRY FOR BUILDING NEIGHBOURING FIELD WALLS. <2>
- 541 DRUID'S CIRCLE. ABOUT 30 UPRIGHT. OR FORMERLY UPRIGHT STONES AVANGED IN A CIRCLE 82FT IN DIAMENTER. SOME TONES HAVE DEARLY BEEN REMOVED FROM THE CIRCLE, AND AT THE ENTRANCE BLASTING IN THE 19TH CENTURY HAS LARGELY DESTROYED DETAILS OF CONSTRUCTION. BELOW GROUND LEVEL AT THE CENTRE OF THE CIRCLE WAS A WELL-BUILT CIST CONTAINING THE REMAINS OF A CHILD 10-12 YEARS OLD IN AN INVERTED URN. ROUND THE CENTRAL AREA WAS A SCATTER OF STONES AMONG WHICH WERE FOUND A PLAIN INVERTED FOOD-VESSSEL CONTAINING THE CREMATED BONES OF A CHILD OF 11-13 YEARS OLD ACCOMPANIED BY A SMALL BRONZE RIVETED KNIFE. 1- FRAGMENTS OF ANOTHER URN. 2- A CREMATION BURIAL LYING ON A REST OF SAND STONE LOSES. MISCELANEOUS FINDS INCLUDED MANY FRAGMENTS OF QUARTZ, A FEW FLINT SCRAPERS AND FLAKES, A ROUGHED OUT AXE AND FLAKES OF GRAIG LWYD ROCK. <1> **FULL EXCAVATION REPORT** AND PLAN CIRCLE ERECTED BETWEEN 1500 AND 1300 BC. <2> DESCRIBED BY RCAHM. <3>

FULL DESCRIPTIONS IN <4> <5>

THE DRUIDS CIRCLE CAN BE REGARDED AS THE TYPE SITE OF THE EMBANKED STONE CIRCLE. <6> FURHER DESCRIPTION. <7>

known complex of Bronze Age ritual and ceremonial monuments on open moorland above Penmaenmawr. The circle itself consists of a ring of large stones set on the inner edge of a low stone bank, 23m in diameter, with an entrance to the west. A group of cremation burials set into three pits in the centre, dicovered during excavation by W.E.Griffiths in 1957, included the bones of young children. The ring is not a perfect circle, being slightly flattened on the north-east side where a trackway cuts across the plateau. It has been suggested that the form of the circle deliberately avoids the trackway, which therefore must pre-date the circle and may be the route along which the stone axes from the Graiglwyd axe factory were transported.

The Druids' Circle is part of a well

542 STONE CIRCLE- A BANK OF LOOSE STONES 35-4-FT IN DIAMETER, 6-8FT THICK AND 1FT HUGH, IN WHICH ARE SET THE REMAINS OG A RING OF STONE UPRIGHTS. ON THE SW IS A LARGE STONE, 4FT ONG, 2FT THICK AND 2FT HIGH, EARTH FAST TONT LEANING OUTWARDS. ON THE SE IS A SMALLER STONE, 2FT 6" LONG, AND 1' 6" HIGH. OTHER STONES OF THE CIRCLE LIE FALLEN AND PARTLY BURIED IN THE BANK. (278)SH72167458, 1951. <1> STONE CIRCLE. THIS CIRCLE WAS FOUND TO CONSIST OF A BANK OF LOOSE BOULDERS 8FT WIDE, WITH INNER AND OUTER KERBS. THERE IS NO ENTRANCE. THE INNER KERB INCLUDES A FEW SMALL UPRIGHTS AND ON THE S A LONG EARTH FAST STONE. AGAINST THIS STONE WERE TRACES OF BURNING AND IN A NICHE IN THE FACE OF THE BANK NEAR IT WAS A CREMATION BURIAL AGAINST THE KERB OPPOSITE A HOLE IN THE GROUND, COVERED BY A SMALL SLAB, CONTAINED A SMALL COLLAVED URN FULL OF BURNT EARTH, WITH NO TRACE OF A BURIAL. A FIRE HAD BEEN HIT ON THE COVERING SLAB. IN THE NE QUEDRANT WAS SETTING OF STONES RESEMBLING A SMALL ARMCHAIR. THE OLD SURFACE BENEATH THE NE QUADRANT OF THE BANK YIELDED FEATURES SCRAPS OF POTTERY. CHARCOAL FORM HERE AND FORM WITH IN THE CIRCLE GAVE C14 DATES OF 3355 + _ 155 AND 3470 + _ 145 BD RESPECTIVELY. <2> FULL EXCAVATION REPORT. <3> AN ENCLOSED CREMATION CEMENTERY. <4> PEN MANER MAOR 278 TYPIFIES THE WESH RING CAIRN WHERE THE ENCICLING BANK IS KERBED WITH SMALL UPRIGHTS OR LAID BOULDERS. IT CONTRAST WITH THAT TYPE OF RING CAIRN WHERE THE STONE RING IS MUCH LARGER THAN THE KERBED TYPE, LIKE CWM CADLAN, BRECKNORKSHIRE. <5> 2 C14 DATES FROM CHARCOAL. <1> FORM AN OLD SURFACE BENEATH

THE STAONY BANK, ASSOCIATED WITH SCRAPS OF POTTERY 3355 +_ 155

	<2> FROM AN OLD SURFACE AGAINST THE MAIN UPRIGHT 3470 + _ 145 BP, DATES THE ERECTION AT LEAST THE PERIOD OF USE OF THE CIRCLE. <6>	
543	STONE CIRCLE, CORS Y CARNEDDAU, ON LEVEL MOORLAND, 1250FT ABOVE O.D. NINE LARGE STONES ABANT 6FT APART, PROJECTING SLIGHTLY FROM THE GROUND, FORM AN ARC OF A CIRCLE WITH DIAMETER OF 54FT. TO THE SE A SINGLE STONE APPEARS TO BELONG	
	TO THE SAME CIRCLE. CONDITION: ALMOST ENTIRELY DESTROYED. <1> AS DESCRIBED BY RCAHM. TWO FURTHER STONES ARE EXPOSED ON THE S SIDE FORMING A CIRCLE SOME 15M DIAMETER. SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2> FURTHER	
	DESCRIPTION. <3>	
544	STONES- PLAN ONLY GIVEN. (280) SH72197463 1949. <1> THE SITE WAS FOUND TO CONTAIN A CENTRAL CIRCLE OF STONES ABOUT 10FT IN DIAMETER, FEATURELESS SAVE FOR A POST-HOLE NEAR ITS CENTRE, SURROUNDED BY A ABNK OF LOOSE STONES, PERHAPS THE BODY OF A CAIRN. ON THE E ABOUTS A DOUBLE LOW OF UPRIGHTS ENCLOSING A BANK OF STONES. IN THE N ANGLE BETWEEN THE SE FEATURES WERE TWO THREE-SEDED CIST CONTAINING CREMATIONS,	
	ONE SEALED WITH A LAYER OF QUARTZ PEBBLES; AN OVAL HEARTH AND A CIRCULAR FIRE-PIT FULL OF CHARCOAL. FINDS INCLUDED MANY QUARTZ PEBBLES AND A LIVAIG LUYD AXE. CHARCOAL FORM THE FIRE-PIT GAVE A DATE OF 3080+_ 145 BP. <2> AXE IN NATIONAL MUSEUM OF WALES. <4> SOME EROSION AROUND TWO OF THE OUTLYING STONES S OF THE	
F40	CIRCLE. <5>	
546	A CIRCULAR ENCLOSURE WHICH MAY BE CONTEMPORARY WITH THE ADJACENT ROMAN ROAD. IT IS DEFINED BY A STONY BANK 2-3FT HIGH, IT IS 80FT IN DIAMETER. THE SITE IS PROBABLY A GREATLY ROBBED HUT GROUP OF NORMAL TYPE, ASSOCIATED WITH THE EARLY TARRECED FIELDS. INFERRED IA/RB. <1>	
	THE ENCLOSURE IS AS DESCRIBED BY RCAHM. THERE IS NO REASON TO SUPPOSE IT EVER ENCLOSED HUTS. SURVEYED AT 1:2500. <2> THERE ARE NO HUTS VISIBLE IN THE INTERIOR. <3>	
549	A MUCH RUINED CIRCULAR ENCLOSURE, 50' DIAMETER, PROBABLY THE SITE OF A DESTROYED HUT GROUP OF THE NORMAL TYPE, ASSOCIATED WITH THE EARLY TERRACED FIELDS. IT IS ALMOST COMPLETELY DESTROYED. IT CONTAINS A MODERN SHEEPFOLD BUILT OF VERY LARGE STONES. <1>	
	THE ENCLOSURE IS AS DESCRIBED BY RCAHM, LAGREE IT IS POSSIBLY THE REMAINS OF AN ENCLOSED HUT GROUP OF NORMAL TYPE. SURVEYED AT 1:2500. <2> THE SHEEPFOLD HAS DESTROYED ANY VISIBLE FEATURES. <3>	
550	ENCLOSED HUT GROUP. AN OVAL LEVEL AREA 85' X 70' ON GROUND SLOPING TO THE SE ON THE N SIDE OF THE ROMAN ROAD. THE ENCLOSING WALL SURVIVES ONLY AS A SPREAD BANK OF SMALL STONES. WITHIN ARE TRACES OF CIRCULAR HUTS. CONDITION: ALMOST COMPLETELY ROBBED OF STONES. VISITED OCTOBER 19TH 1949. <1>	
	NO CHANGE. SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2> THE BANK MAY BE OF A DIFFERENT DATE TO THE ENCLOSURE. <3>	
553	PILE OF STONES. NOT RECORDED IN RCAHM. <1>	
	PILE OF STONES. NOT RECORDED IN RCAHM INVENTORY. <1>	
	A CAIRN 8M IN DIAMETER, 4M HIGH. IT IS LARGELY TURF-COVERED BUT A CIST IS DISCERNIBLE AT ITS CENTRE. LOCATED DURING FIELD INVESTIGATION. SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <1>	
557	ENCLOSURE, SHOWN ON THE MAP OF LLANFAIRFECHAN. <1> A ROUGHLY RECTANGULAR ENCLOSURE WITH STONE WALLS UP TO, 3M HIGH. IN THE CENTRE OF THE S SIDE IS A RUINOUS HUT CIRCLE WITH A SMALL ANNEXE TO THE E. A MODERN SHEEPFOLD PROBABLY STANDS ON THE SITE OF FURTHER HUT CIRCLES ON THE W SIDE OF THE ENCLOSURE. TOO RUINOUS FOR CLASSIFICATION. SURVEYED AT	
558	1:10560. <2> ROCK AND MOUND. RO RECORD RCAHM INVENTORY. <1>	
	CAIRN. DIAMETER 60FT WITH TRACES OF A KERB ON E. ONE SIDE OF A CIST, 5' LONG WITH AXIS NW-SE, IS EXPOSED IN THE CENTRE. CONDITION: CUT THOUGH HODAWTRAIL AND RUINED. <1>	
	AS DESCRIBED BY RCAHM. SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <2> CAIRN INCLUDED IN REVISION OF SCHEE. AREA CN 129, MARCH 1989. <3> A CAIRN IS SITUATED ON A RIDGE FORMED BY AN ARTIFICIAL HOLLOW	
	ON THE SW AND A NATURAL SCAROP ON THE NE, WHICH MAKES IT DIFFICULT TO PROVIDE A REALISTIC DIAMETER OR HEIGHT. THE RCAHM RECORDED A CIST EXPOSED IN THE CENTRE AND TWO VERTICAL	
	STONES MAY BE THE REMAINS OF THIS ALTHOUGH THEY ARE NOW ON THE SE EDGE OF THE SURVIVING MOUND. <4>	

	THE CAIRN IS SITUATED BETWEEN THE TRACK (ROMAN ROAD) AND A DRY GULLY ON A NATURALLY RAISED AREA. IT IS AN OVAL MOUND OF TURF COVERED STONE 6M BY 4M. THE CAIRN HAS PROBABLY BEEN TRUNCATED BY THE GULLY ON THE SW SIDE (I ASSUME THIS IS THE HOLLOW TRAIL MENTIONED BY RCAHM). ON THE ESE SIDE ARE TWO LOW STONES LAID ON EDGE. THE OS 1:10000 MARKS THE CAIRN AT SH71387183. WHICH APPEARS TO BE THE NGR OF THIS CAIRN. NO CAIRN WAS VISIBLE AT SH71427184. <5>	
	CAIRN, NO RECORD IN RCAHM INVENTORY. <1> CAIRN ABOUT 110M SE OF BARCLODIAD Y GAWRES. A RING OF TURF COVERED STONE 2M WIDE ENCIRCLES LOOSE STONE 4.5M IN DIAMETER. THERE IS A LARGE BOULDER ON THE N SIDE WITH EVIDENCE OF A RECENT FIRE AGAINST IT. GORSE TURF COVERED. <2> INCLUDED IN ENLARGED SCHEDULED AREA ROUND BARCLODIAD Y GAWRES CAIRN. <3>	
561	LONG HUT AND ENCLOSURES. <1> ON THE N BANK OF A SMALL STREAM. RECTANGULAR BUILDING 65' LONG AND 14' WIDE, DIVIDED INTO THREE COMPARTMENTS LAY BANKS. THE BUILDING LIES ALONG THE E SIDE OF A NARROW RECTANGULAR YARD, TO THE E OF WHICH A LOW BANK OF THE RECTANGULAR ENCLOSURE IS A PEAT HOUSE. CONDITION: GREATLY RUINED. <2> ALSO FULLY DESCRIBED IN <3>	
	STANDING STONE KNOWN AS MAEN PENDDU. THE STONE STANDS 6FT HIGH AND MEASURES 3FT 6 INS X 2FT 6 INS AT BASE. IT HAS BEEN INCORPORATED IN THE LINE OF AN OLD ENCLOSURE BANK. CONDITION: GOOD. <1> NO CHANGE. <2> THE STONE STANDS ON THE S SIDE OF A WELL-USED TRACK. <3>	
563	CAER BACH, A SMALL HILLFORT ON A ROUNDED HILLOCK. THE HILLOCK IS ENCIRCLED BY TWO LINES OF DEFENCE, THE OUTER BEING A BANK OF EARTH WITH AN EXTERNAL DITCH, WHICH REACHES A MAXIMUM HEIGHT OF 10FT. A STONE REVETMENT OF LAID MASONRY CAN BE TRACED ON THE NW OUTER FACE, AND A SLIGHT COUNTERSCARP BANK ON THE S. THE E SIDE MERGES INTO THE NATURAL SLOPE. THE ENTRANCES THROUGH BOTH RAMPARTS WERE ON THE SE BUT ARE BADLY DAMAGED. A HUT CIRCLE CAN BE TRACED AGAINST THE INNER FACE OF THE NW SIDE OF THE INNER ENCLOSURE. CONDITION OF RAMPART IS GOOD.<1>	
	THE FORT IS AS DESCRIBED BY RCAHM. SURVEYED AT 1:2500.<2> A WELL PRESERVED SMALL FORT OVERLOOKING THE CONWY VALLEY.<3>	
565	A ROUND HUT, 30 YARDS SW OF CAER BACH FORT, IS 24FT IN DIAMETER. THE HUT IS CUT INTO THE SLOPE ON THE NE AND TERRACED OUT ON THE SW. THE WALL IS NOW A LOW TURFED BANK 5FT WIDE. THE ENTRANCE WAS ON THE SE. IN A POOR CONDITION. <1> THE ROUND HUT IS AS DESCRIBED IN THE RCAHM. SURVEYED AT 1:2500. <2>	
569	A PLATFORM HOUSE IS BUILT AGAINST THE S RAMPART OF CAER-BACH. IT IS 19FT N-S AND 10FT WIDE. IN POOR CONDITION. <1> PLATFORM HOUSES OF 13-14TH CENTURY DATE, ETC. <2> AS DESCRIBED BY RCAHM. THE N WALL IS OF ROCK 1M HIGH. THE REMAINING WALLS ARE AT GROUND LEVEL AND GRASSGROWN. SURVEYED AT 1:2500. <3>	
571	A PLATFORM HOUSE WITH TRACES OF A HOOD WALL IS SITUATED AT SH74477302. IT IS ABOUT 25FT E-W AND 12FT WIDE. IN A MUCH DAMAGED CONDITION. <1> PLATFORM HOUSES ARE OF 13-14TH CENTURY DATE. <2> THE PLATFORM HOUSE IS AS DESCRIBED BY RCAHM. THE HILLSIDE HAS BEEN DUG OUT TO A DEPTH OF 3M TO FORM THE PLATFORM. SURVEYED AT 1:2500. <3>	
	A TURF AND HEATHER COVERED CAIRN 7M DIAMETER AND 5M HIGH WITH A SLIGHT DEPRESSION AT ITS CENTRE. LOCATED DURING FIELD INVESTIGATION. SURVEYED AT 1:10560. <1>	
576	STANDING STONE 8FT HIGH, OVAL SECTION 2' 9" X 2' AT BASE. <1> MEASUREMENTS AS GIVEN BY RCAHM. THE W SIDE IS FLAT AND THE E ROUNDED. <2> IT IS BEAUTIFULLY ROUNDED AND A VERY ATTRACTIVE STONE. IT LIES ON THE PARISH BOUNDARY, WHICH USES THE STONE AS A FORAL POINT TO CHANGE DIRECTION. <3>	
704	ON THE SUMMIT OF DNUM, 2528FT ABOVE O.D. A STONY PLATFORM, ROUGHLY CIRCULAR 60FT IN DIAMETER. LARGE STNES ACT AS A KERB IN PLACES AND ESPECIALLY ON THE E FORM A MARKED RIM OR TERRACE 1FT HIGH. A SMALL MODERN CAIRN LIES A LITTLE W OF THE CENTRE.	

	THE STRUCTURE SEEMS UNDISTURBED. CONDITION: FAIR. <1> REBUILT ON A LARGER SCALE AS A C-SHAPED SHELTER FOR WALKERS PRIOR TO DECEMBER 1981. IT HAS BEGUN TO COLLAPSE, MANY ROCKS FALING INWARDS. THE STRUCTURE MAY COME TO RESEMBLE A CAIRN	
725	ONCE MORE. <3> CAIRN AT SH73247618 ON THE SUMMIT OF FOEL LUS. ABOUT 23FT DIAMETER X 4FT HIGH. IT HAS A RECENT HOLLOW IN THE CENTRE. (10/06/49). <1> NOW A DRY STONE WALL ENCIRCLING A SCATTER OF STONES. POSSIBLY BASICALLY A BURIAL MOUND NOT RECOGNISABLE AS SUCH. <2> NO CHANGE. <3>	
728	STONE CIRCLE ON LEVEL GROUND AT 1100 FT ABOVE OD. FOUR UPRIGHT STONES, 1FT TO 1FT 6 INS HIGH AND ABOUT 15FT APART, FORM THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-EAST ARC OF A CIRCLE. EACH UPRIGHT IS PACKED WITH SMALL STONES ROUND THE BASE. CONDITION: MOST OF THE CIRCLE IS DESTROYED.<1>	
	SURVEYED AT 1:10560.<2>	
	THE CIRCLE IS PROBABLY THAT NOTED BY W.BEZANT-LOWE AS BEING 41FT IN DIAMETER WITH TRACES OF TUMULUS OR CIST 12FT IN DIAMETER IN CENTRE.<3>	
732	12FT DIAMETER, ON THE UPPER SIDE OF SMALL NATURAL TERRACE AT 875FT ABOVE O.D. LONG STONES ARE LAID RADISLLY THEIR ENDS FORMING THE INNER FACE OF THE HUT WALL; NO OUTER FACE IS TRACEABLE. THE UPPER SIDE IS DUG INTO THE SLOPE, THE WALL TOP RISING 2FT 6 INS ABOVE FLOOR LEVEL; ENTRANCE 2FT 4 INS WIDE, TO NW. TRACES OF ENCLOSURE WALLS, PROBABLY CONTEMPORARY REMAIN. A MODERN RECTANGULAR SHELTER HAS BEEN BUILT INTO THE HUT. <1> A ROUND HUT AS DESCRIBED BUT LARGELY CONCEALED BENEATH AND MODERN STRUCTURE. <2>	
733	CLASS I, POSSIBLE ROMANO BRITISH- RCAHM 3, 1964, XC-XCII. <3> 36FT DIAMETER, ON A SMALL NATURAL PLATFORM AT 840 ABOVE O.D. THE WALL, 4FT WIDE IS FACED ON BOTH SIDES WITH STONES, UP TO 6FT LONG, SET ON EDGE, THE SPACE BETWEEN BEING FILLED UP WITH SMALL STONES AND EARTH. ENTRANCE 7FT WIDE TO SW. NO ENCLOSURES CAN BE TRACED. <1> CLASS I, POSSIBLY ROMANO-BRITISH- RCAHM 3, 1964 XC-XCII. <2> SH74647580. A ROUND HUT AS DESCRIBED THE WALL IS 0.4M HIGH. <3> THOUGHT TO BE A CAIRN BY FRANCES LYNCH. <5>	
	SCHEDULED AS A RING CAIRN: THE SITE IS OF NATIONAL IMPORTANCE AS A COMPLETE AND WELL PRESERVED EXAMPLE OF A LARGE RING CAIRN OF THE BRONZE AGE PERIOD WITH INTACT STRUCTURAL FEATURES. THE ORTHOSTATIC CONSTRUCTION IS UNDISTURBED AND THE SITE OFFERS A STRONG POSSIBILITY OF SURVIVING GROUND SURFACES.<6>	
734	15FT IN DIAMETER, AT 820FT ABOVE O.D. THE RUINED WALL SHOWS A LOW BANK OF EARTH AND RUBBLE IFT HIGH; A GAP OF 5FT WIDE TO THE SW MARKS THE ENTRANCE. THE HUTS ARE OF DIFFERENT TYPES, AND PROBABLY OF DIFFERENT DATES. THEY MAY PERHAPS BE CONNECTED WITH N 256 (SH77NW25). <1> A DEPRESSION 0.9M DEEP RECESSED INTO A SW FACING SLOPE MARKS THE SITE OF A CIRCULAR HUT 4.8M INDIAMETER. SLIGHT TRACES OF STONE AROUND THE PERIPHERY. ALL SURVEYED AT 1:2500. <2> CLASS I, POSSIBLE ROMANO-BRITISH- RCAHM 3, 1964 XC-XCII. <3>	
735	LONG HUT, 54FT X 12FT, PROBLABLY LLYN OWRACH OF BANGOR MS 2383. (18TH CENTURY). CONDITION: ALMOST DESTROYED. <1> SH74867563. THE REMAINS OF A LONG HUT 11.8M X 3M ORIENTATED NW-SE, 5M FROM THE NW END IS A DIVIUSHING WALL, AND THERE IS AN ENTRANCE IN THE SW SIDE 1M WIDE. THE WALLS ARE IM WIDE AND 0.2M HIGH, COVERED BY GRASS. CONDITION: RUINED. <2>	
736	STONE CIRCLE. THREE STANDING & THREE FALLEN STONES REMIAN ON THE CIRCUMFERENCE OF A CIRCLE 35FT IN DIAMETER, THE SPACING SUGGESTS THAT THREE OTHERS HAVE DISAPPEARED. THE LARGEST STANDING STONE (ON THE EAST) IS 4FT 9 INS HIGH AND 2FT 3 INS X 2FT AT THE BASE; A FALLEN STONE 6FT LONG (ON THE SOUTH) HAS BEEN SPLIT BY BLAST. CONDITION: RUINED, A TRACKWAY CROSSES THE CIRCLE.<1> <2>	
	SURVEYED AT 1:10560.<3>	
	REMAINS OF A STONE CIRCLE. THE CIRCLE WOULD HAVE HAD A DIAMETER OF ABOUT 13M. A TRACKWAY RUNS THROUGH THE	

	CIRCLE.<5>	
	SH74487508. THE REMAINS OF A CIST FOUND DURING FIELD	
	INVESTIGATIONS. ORIENTATED WNW-ESE; IT MEASURES 1.4M X 1M.	
	THERE IS NO TRACE OF A CAPSTONE. THE CIST CONSISTS OF SLABS	
	LAID END TOEND WITH A SINGLE SLAB AT EACH END. SURVEYED AT	
	1:2500. <1>	
	VARIOUS HUTS NEAR FAIR GLEN, PENMAENMAWY, OPPOSITE THE THREE	
	HUTS MENTIONED IN PRN2841, SMR2, ARE 3 HUTS SQUARE OR PARTH	
	SQUARE, BUILDINGS A,B,C. THE WALLS OF A ARE STRAIGHT ON THE N	
	AND W SIDES, THE OTHER TWO SIDES BEING CURVED. B IS OBLONG, AND	
	ALL THE SIDES ARE STRAIGHT, AND THE WALL BETWEEN A AND B IS A PARTLY WALL. C, WHICH IS SQUARE IS SEPARATED FROM B BY A	
	PASSAGE. THE POSITION OF THE ENTRANCE TO THESE IS DOUBTFUL.	
	FURTHER E ARE THE SOMEWHAT INDEFINATE TRACES OF TWO	
	RECTANGULAR HUTS, I AND J. <1>	
	SH74387513. A GROUP OF CIRCULAR AND RECTANGULAR HUTS OF	
	DIFFERENT PERIODS OD OCCUPATION, TO THE ESE OF THE PARTIALLY	
	BUILT OVER SQUARE HUT ARE 3 CONTIGUOUS HUTS AVERAGING 20	
	SQUARE METRES IN AREA WITH WALLS AVERAGING 0.4M IN HEIGHT, AND	
	0.5M THICK. FURTHER TO THE ESE IT IS POSSIBLE THERE IS A FOURTH	
	HUT THERE. <2>	
	Cross inscribed stone near Maen y Bardd, Rowen ,Caernarfonshire <1>	
	THIS STONE IS SITUATED ON NANT-Y-CYTIAU, ABOUT 200 YARDS E OF THE SHEEP PENS ON THE WAY TO THE PASS OF THE TWO STONES, AMD	
	CLOSE TO THE AFON DDU: THE SHEEP PENS ARE ABOUT 300 YARDS E OF	
	THE WALL THAT RUNS ACROSS THE MOOR TO THE AFON DDU. THE	
	STONE IS NOT VERY FINE GRAINED AND IS PARTIALLY COVERED WITH	
	TURF. ALL THE MARKS ARE VERY DISTINCT, ONE BEING 1/4 INCH WIDE	
	AND 5/16 IN. DEEP. THE MARKS ARE IN GROUPS AND VARY IN LENGTH	
	FROM4 IN. TO 10 IN. IN THE CENTRE OF THE STONE IS ONE MARK WHICH	
	CUTS TWO OTHERS AT RIGHT ANGLES. THE LENGTH OF THE STONE	
	(WHICH RUNS EAST AMD WEST) IS ABOUT 2 FT., BEING 2FT. BROAD AT	
	THE EASTERN END AND 16 IN. AT THE WESTERN END. THERE ARE AT LEAST 29 MARKS.<1>	
	LEAST 29 WARNS.\1>	
	THE ARROW STONE RECORDED IN NANT-Y-CYTIAU HAS NOT BEEN	
	LOCATED.<2>	
3888	UNLOCATED.<2>	
4562	AN 'A' TYPE BEAKER IS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS SITE, AND IS CURRENTLY	
	ON DISPLAY IN BANGOR MUSEUM. THE FINDSPOT IS REASSESSED BY	
	DEREK WILLIAMS. <7>	
4683	MOUND VISIBLE ON AIR PHOTOGRAPHS.<1>	
	A GRASSY EARTHEN MOUND, OVAL IN PLAN, MEASURING SOME 20M X	
	13M AND RISING 0.9M ABOVE THE SURROUNDING HEATHER AND BOG. IT	
	WOULD APPEAR TO BE ARTIFICIAL BECAUSE OF THE CHANGE IN	
	VEGETATION, IT CONTAINS NO VISIBLE STONE AND IS NOT A ROUND	
	BARROW. DATE AND PURPOSE NOT DETERMINED.<2>	
4685	SAME AS PRN 458.<3>	
4703	DESTROYED.<3>	
4711	PEAT STACK.<3>	
	LONG LOW NARROW DRY-STONE STRUCTURE BUILT ONTO ROCKY RISE	
	ABOVE EXTENSIVE PEAT BOG. ALTHOUGH COLLAPSED AT THE EAST	
	END, THE FIRST SECTION IS STILL FAIRLY INTACT AND VERY WELL BUILT,	
	WITH SOME SUBSTANTIAL, DRESSED STONE BLOCKS AROUND THE	
	DOORWAY AND CORNERS. ROOFED WITH ROUGH, FLAT SLABS, WALLS	
	CURVE INWARDS TOWARDS THE TOP, SIGNIFICANTLY REDUCING THE ROOFED AREA. <3>	
	UNLOCATED.<2>	
	NUMEROUS THIN FLAKY STONES, SET ON EDGE AND PROTRUDING FROM	
	BOGGY GROUND. THE PATTERNS DESCRIBED ARE SOMEWHAT TENUOUS	
	AND THE WHOLE COMPLEX COULD BE A PERI-GLACIAL PHENOMENON.	
	NINE OF THE STONES MAY FORM SOME TWO-THIRDS OF A CIRCLE, 6M IN	
	DIAMETER. THE HIGHEST STONE IS 45CM ABOVE THE SURFACE OF THE	
	BOG, WITH AT LEAST AS MUCH AGAIN BELOW THE SURFACE. THERE ARE	
	· ·	
	TWO THIN FLAKES IN THE CENTRAL AREA.	
	TWO THIN FLAKES IN THE CENTRAL AREA.	
	TWO THIN FLAKES IN THE CENTRAL AREA. 4M SOUTH WEST ARE FOUR STONES IN A RECTANGULAR SETTING, 1M BY	
	TWO THIN FLAKES IN THE CENTRAL AREA. 4M SOUTH WEST ARE FOUR STONES IN A RECTANGULAR SETTING, 1M BY 50CM. TO THE NORTH EAST AND TANGENTIAL TO THE CIRCLE ARE 15	
	TWO THIN FLAKES IN THE CENTRAL AREA. 4M SOUTH WEST ARE FOUR STONES IN A RECTANGULAR SETTING, 1M BY 50CM. TO THE NORTH EAST AND TANGENTIAL TO THE CIRCLE ARE 15 STONES IN TWO LONG AND TWO SHORT, IRREGULAR LINES. A GROUP OF	
	TWO THIN FLAKES IN THE CENTRAL AREA. 4M SOUTH WEST ARE FOUR STONES IN A RECTANGULAR SETTING, 1M BY 50CM. TO THE NORTH EAST AND TANGENTIAL TO THE CIRCLE ARE 15	

	POSSIBLY A QUARRY FOR NEARBY WALL.<2>	
5395	Rectangular enclosure is composed of large boulders up to 1m in length, many	
	set on edge. It has an entrance in the west side and a possible entrance in the	
	south side. Agianst the west end of the north side is a sub-rectangular platform	
	5.5m x 4.2m and c.0.5m high. It is built largely of stone but unlike the enclosure is	
	almost entirely covered by turf. Attached to the north west side of the hut platform	
	is an arc of boulders incorporating 2 large natural boulders. One of the stones in	
	the arc is set on edge as an orthostat. Other stones and slight banks suggest	
	further, much more eroded structures in this area.<2>	
	UNLOCATED.<2>	
	THE REMAINS OF A TRACKWAY.<2>	
	REMAINS OF A TRACKWAY.<2>	
6096	A LONG THIN PEAT HOUSE WITH DRY STONE WALLS AND A LINTELLED	
	AND TURFED ROOF AT THE NW END. OVERLOOKING A DAMP VALLEY	
	CONTAINING A PEAT STACK (PRN 4711). C.8M X 2M ADJACENT TO SITE IS	
	A POSSIBLE DRS.<1>	
6219	A SMALL (2CM X 1.5CM) FLINT FLAKE WITH RECENT SECONDARY DAMAGE	
	AND A LARGE BULB OF PERCUSSION. FOUND ON A GRAVELLED TRACK	
	TO TY'N Y FFRITH FARM, FOEL LUS. IT APPEARS TO HAVE ERODED OUT	
	OF THE SECTION AT THE SIDE OF THE TRACK (C.30CM DEEP).<1>	
7058	2 LONG HUTS ON A LEVEL SHELF BELOW THE TRACKWAY. ALIGNED NNE-	
	SSW, LYING SIDE BY SIDE AND LINKED BY A SHORT LENGTH OF WALL.	
	TRACES OF POSSIBLY CONTEMPORARY FIELD BOUNDARIES TO THE	
	SOUTH AND WEST.<1>	
7386	MULTI-CELLULAR SHEEPFOLD TYPICAL OF THE CARNEDDAU AREA.	
	TRACES OF AN UNDERLYING SUB-CIRCULAR ENCLOSURE CAN BE SEEN	
	ON AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH.<1>	
	THE ENCLOSURE IS EVIDENT ON THE GROUND AS A LOW EARTH BANK	
	WITH A SMALL AMOUNT OF STONE ERODING FROM THE DOWNSLOPE	
	SIDE. TRACES OF POSSIBLE HUT PLATFORMS EXIST WITHIN THE	
	SHEEPFOLD ITSELF. SIMILARITIES WITH THE ENCLOSED HUT GROUP TO	
	THE NNW BUT COULD JUST REPRESENT AN EARLIER PHASE OF THE	
	SHEEPFOLD.<1>	
7448	CONCENTRIC CIRCLE ENCLOSURE SITE IDENTIFIED ON RAF BLACK AND	
7 1 10	WHITE APS. THE CIRCULAR EARTHWORK IS VISIBLE ON THE GROUND AS	
	A LOW EARTH BANK TERRACED INTO THE SLOPE AND BUILT UP ON THE	
	NORTH AND NORTH EASTERN SIDES. TRACES IN THE CENTRE OF A	
	POSSIBLE HUT CIRCLE. FURTHER FIELD BANKS/LYNCHETS ARE VISIBLE	
	RUNNING FROM THE ENCLOSURE TO THE NORTH WEST AND TO THE	
	EAST.<2>	
7450	SUB-CIRCULAR ENCLOSURE JUST VISIBLE ON AP'S BUT	
	DISTINGUISHABLE ON THE GROUND BY LOW EARTH BANKS.<2>	
7452	REMAINS OF LARGE RECTANGULAR ENCLOSURE ENTIRELY ROBBED OF	
	STONE, BUT CLEARLY DEFINED ON THE GROUND BY EARTH BANKS.<2>	
	Site recorded from APs - no description available.<1>	
	Site recorded from APs - no description available.<1>	
	(Over Avon Tafalog). 1799? Stone. 1 arch. Inset voussoirs under hood of thin	
	stones. Site appears to be that of Bont Newydd. Present bridge 1799 when	
	former bridge was swept away.	
13941	RECORDED IN W. BEZANT LOWE'S "HEART OF NORTHERN WALES" - DUG	
	UP IN 1894 IN A GARDEN BELONING TO YR YNYS, LLANFAIRFECHAN, THE	
	COIN IS THOUGHT TO HAVE BEEN BROUGHT DOWN BY THE GREAT	
	FLOOD OF 1873 FROM THE UPLANDS NEAR CARREG FAWR. LOWE	
	CONNECTS IT TO A JOURNEY MADE BY RICHARD II HIMSELF. NO EXACT	
	FINDSPOT <1>	
	THEOLOG P	